



Process development of lower olefins synthesis using carbon dioxide

IHI

June 11th, 2026

I H I Corporation

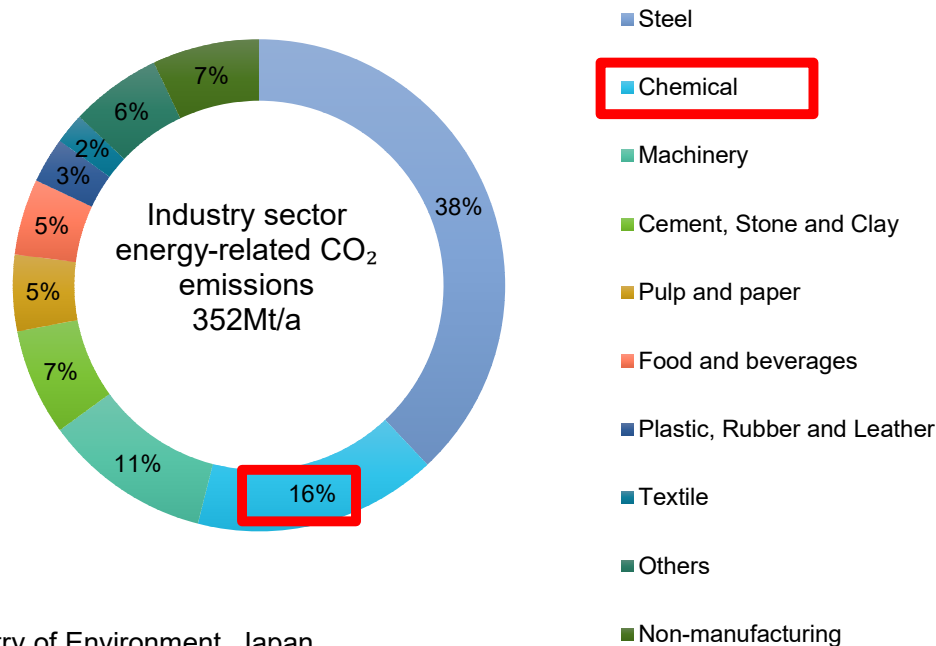
Yushi KAMEOKA

Background — The Need for Carbon Recycling



IHI

CO₂ emission in Japan

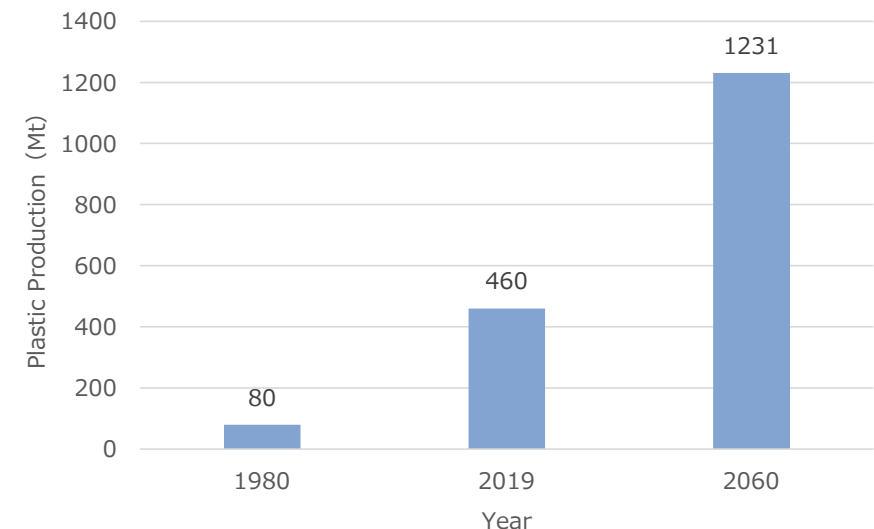


Ministry of Environment, Japan
<https://www.env.go.jp/content/000234474.pdf>

- ✓ **Strong demand to decarbonize the chemical industry, particularly plastic production, is desired.**

- ✓ Chemical industry is the 2nd largest contribution of CO₂ emission in industry sector in Japan.
- ✓ Plastic production is expected to grow more than double by 2060.

Forecast of Plastic production



OECD Global Plastic Outlook <https://www.oecd.org/oecd/reports>
Prepared by data of 2022/06.

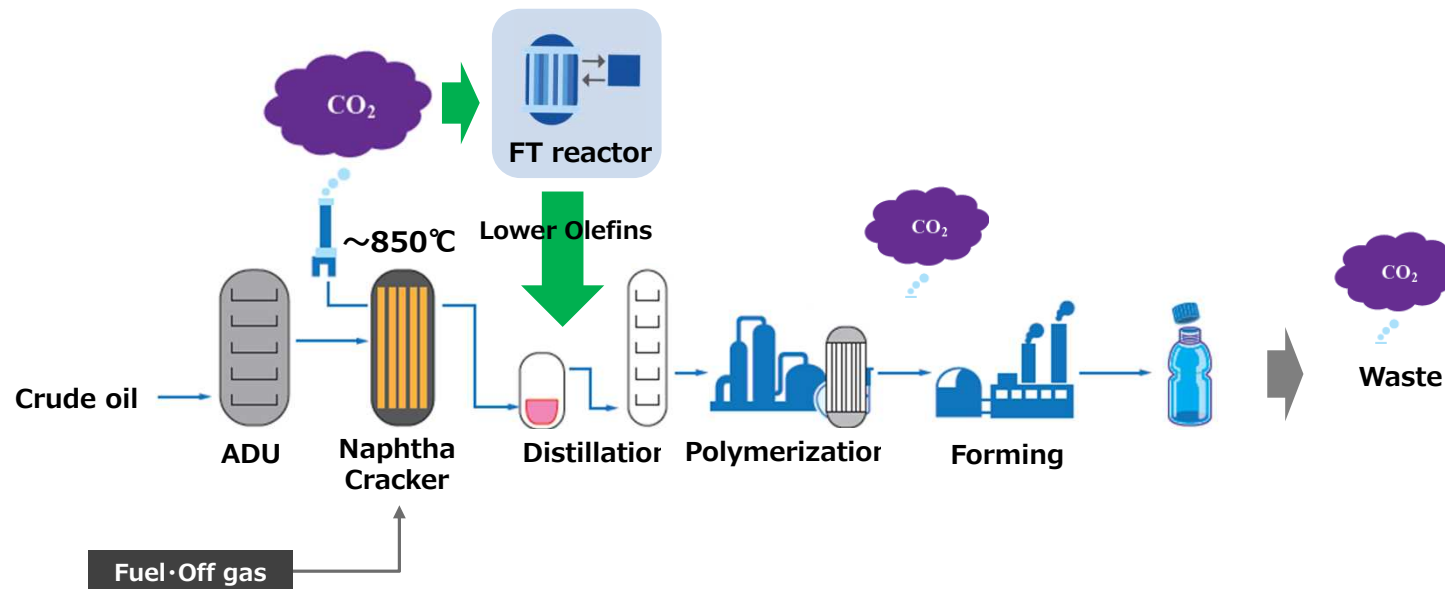
Our Motivation



IHI

Lower Olefins Production Today

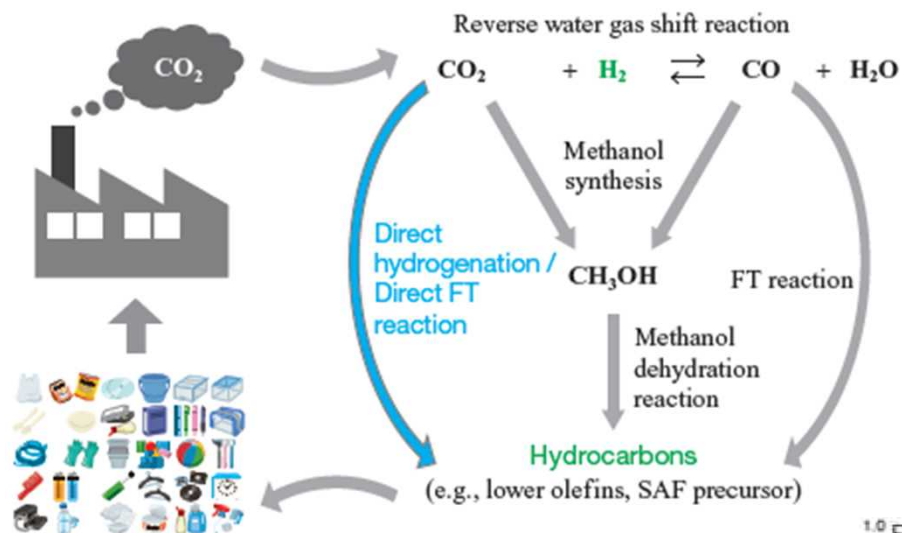
- ✓ Today, lower olefins are produced by thermally decomposing naphtha or natural gas.
- ✓ CO₂ is emitted from major steps of the plastic production.
- ✓ CO₂ from naphtha cracking process contributes most during life cycle of plastic products.



- ✓ **Converting CO₂ from naphtha cracker into lower olefins should be a promising option to reduce CO₂ footprint for plastic industry.**



Principle of Lower Olefins Synthesis from CO₂ and H₂



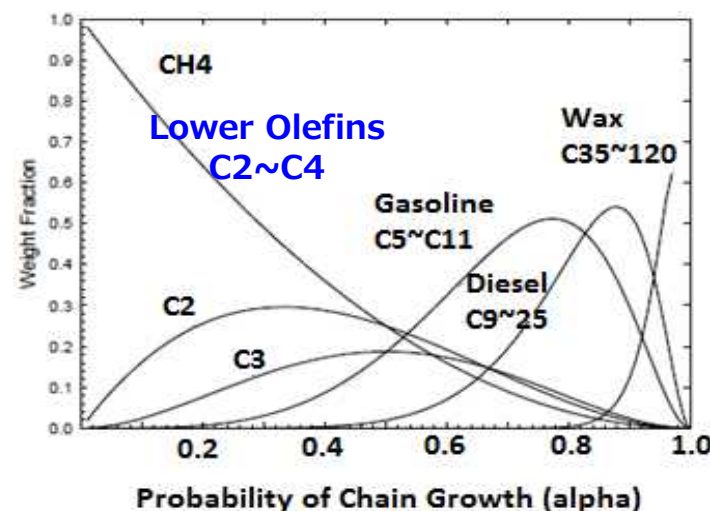
- ✓ Modified FT reaction may have advantage over other indirect process because of simpler process configuration.

Modified FT reaction

- ✓ $n\text{CO}_2 + 3n\text{H}_2 \rightarrow (\text{CH}_2)_n + 2n\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $\Delta H_{298}^0 = -128 \text{ kJ/mol}$ exothermic

Main challenges for catalyst development

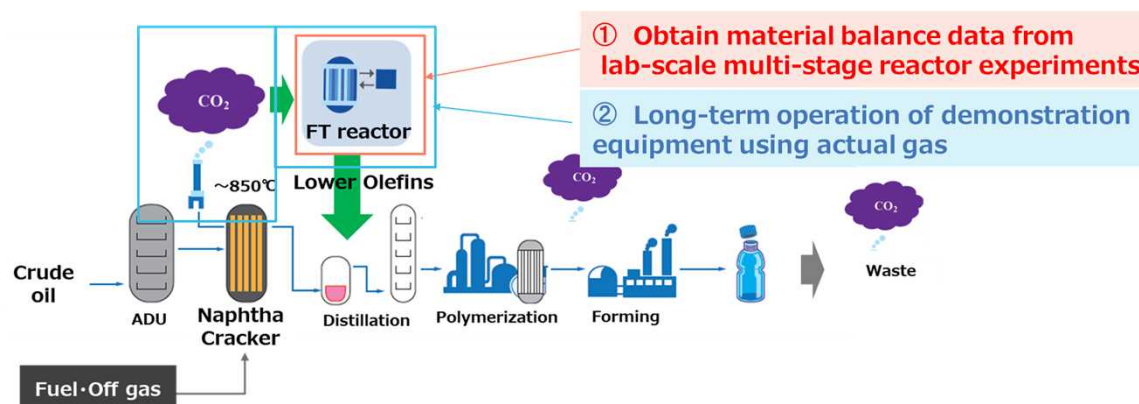
- 1) Higher CO₂ conversion
- 2) Higher selectivity to lower olefins
- 3) Catalyst stability



The diagram illustrates a four-stage timeline for CO2 capture technology development:

- Phase 1:** Laboratory test, starting around -2020 and ending in 2021.
- Phase 2:** 0.1 t-CO₂/d, starting in 2021 and continuing to the Present.
- Phase 3:** 100 t-CO₂/day, starting in 2030 and continuing to 2040.
- Commercial:** 1000 t-CO₂/day, starting in 2040.

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| ✓ Catalyst development | ✓ Catalyst Synthesis More industry relevant process | ✓ Further scale-up |
| - Basic recipe - | | ✓ Consolidate with Ethylene plant (naphtha cracker) |
| ✓ Laboratory test | ✓ Larger Reactor test | |
| ✓ Collaboration with ISCE2(ASTAR) | ✓ Test with flue gas from commercial Ethylene plant (naphtha cracker) | ✓ Integration of CO ₂ capture and FT reactor |



Scale-Up of Catalyst Technology



IHI

From Laboratory to Industry-Relevant Process

Catalyst Synthesis in Large Scale

gram scale



10kg scale



Shaped Catalyst

Shaped catalyst is required for the reactor scale performance test

Catalyst powder

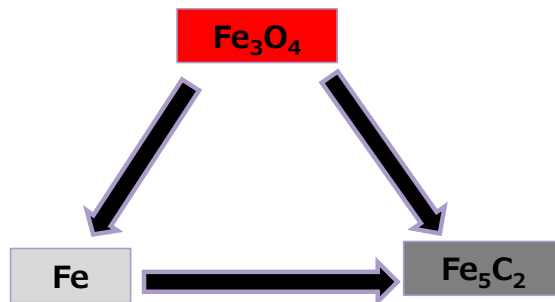


Extrusion etc.



Activation of Shaped Catalyst

Dedicated activation conditions for shaped catalysts to achieve good balance of Fe_3O_4 and Fe_5C_2



Performance Test of Shaped Catalyst

Mid-sized reactor to evaluate the performance of shaped catalysts

- ✓ Reaction heat was controlled by shell and multi-tube type
- ✓ 3 staged reactor





Multi-stage Reactor with Shaped Catalyst

- ✓ Concept of multi-staged reaction system was also verified for the shaped catalyst in larger scale.



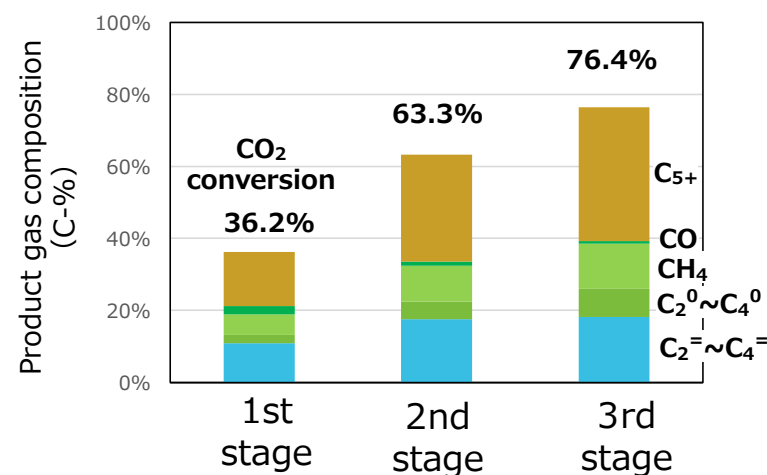
CO₂ Feed 8 kg/d



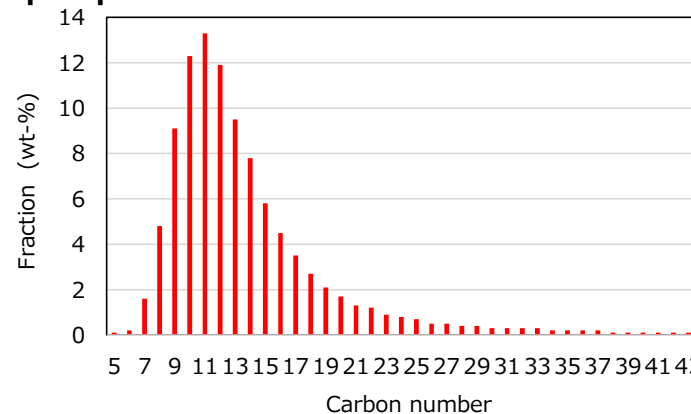
- ✓ Collected oil consists of mainly more than C₈ hydrocarbons which can be used as precursor for SAF.



Product gas



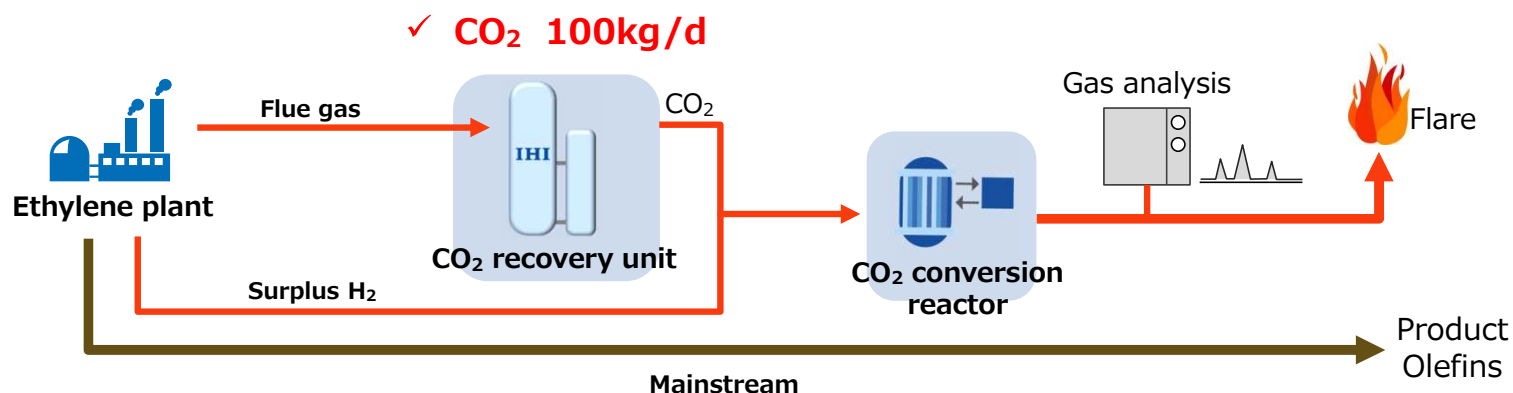
Liquid product





Test with Flue Gas from Commercial Ethylene Plant

- ✓ CO₂ from ethylene plant (SCG Chemicals) has been used as feedstock.
- ✓ Both CO₂ recovery unit and CO₂ conversion reactor unit have been installed.



Specification of the pilot plant

Item			unit
Flue gas flow rate		42.3	kg/h
Feed rate	H ₂	6.7 (0.6)	Nm ³ /h (kg/h)
	CO ₂	100 (4.2)	Kg/d (kg/h)

Lower Olefins Synthesis Pilot Plant



IHI



Achievements in 2025

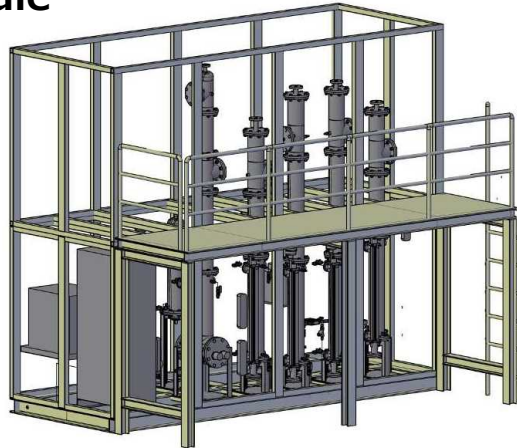
April	Test-rig installed	Completed
May	Commissioning	Completed
July	1 st Campaign completed	1000hr operation completed
Nov.	2 nd Campaign planned	>800hr operation completed

Main Modules of Pilot Plant

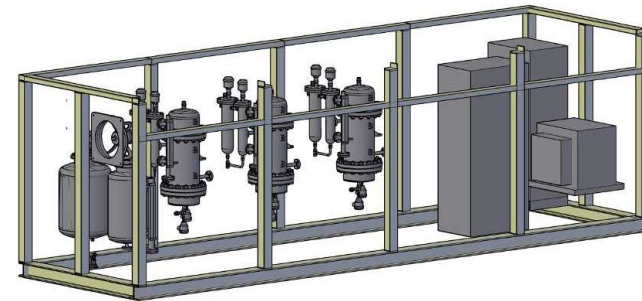


IHI

CO₂ Capture Module



Olefin Reactor Module

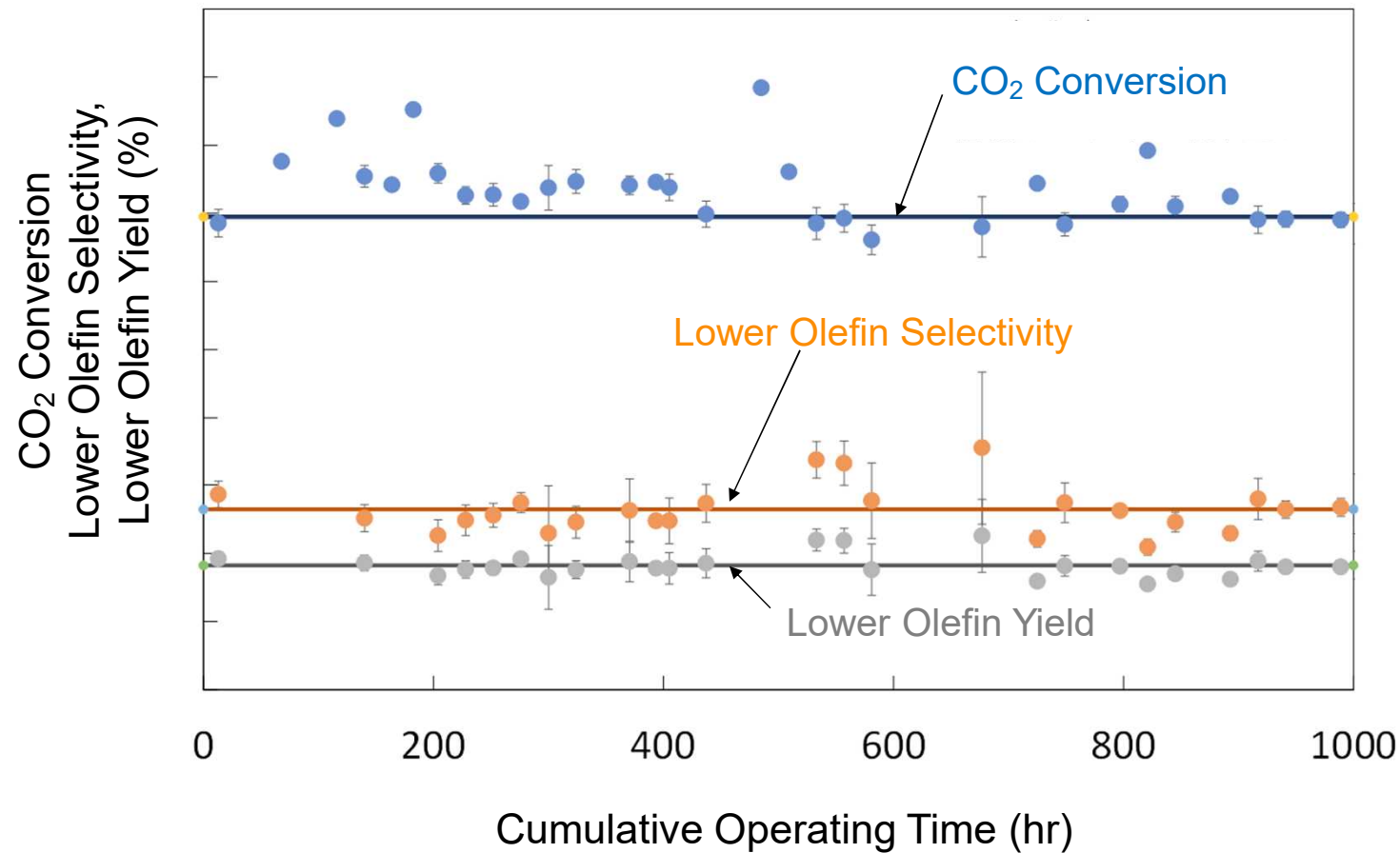


	CO ₂ Capture Module	Olefin Reactor Module
Service	Capture CO ₂ from naphtha cracker flue gas	Synthesizes lower olefin gas from CO ₂ and H ₂ with multi-stage reactor
Dimensions	W:4.7 m x D:1.9 m x H:4.1 m	W:7.0 m x D:2.0 m x H:2.4 m
Weight	5.0 ton	8.0 ton
Features	▪ Adopted amine absorption system ▪ Can be separated into upper and lower sections	▪ Equipped with gas-liquid separators and gas analyzer ▪ Explosion-proof

Key Result – Catalyst Performance in 1st Campaign



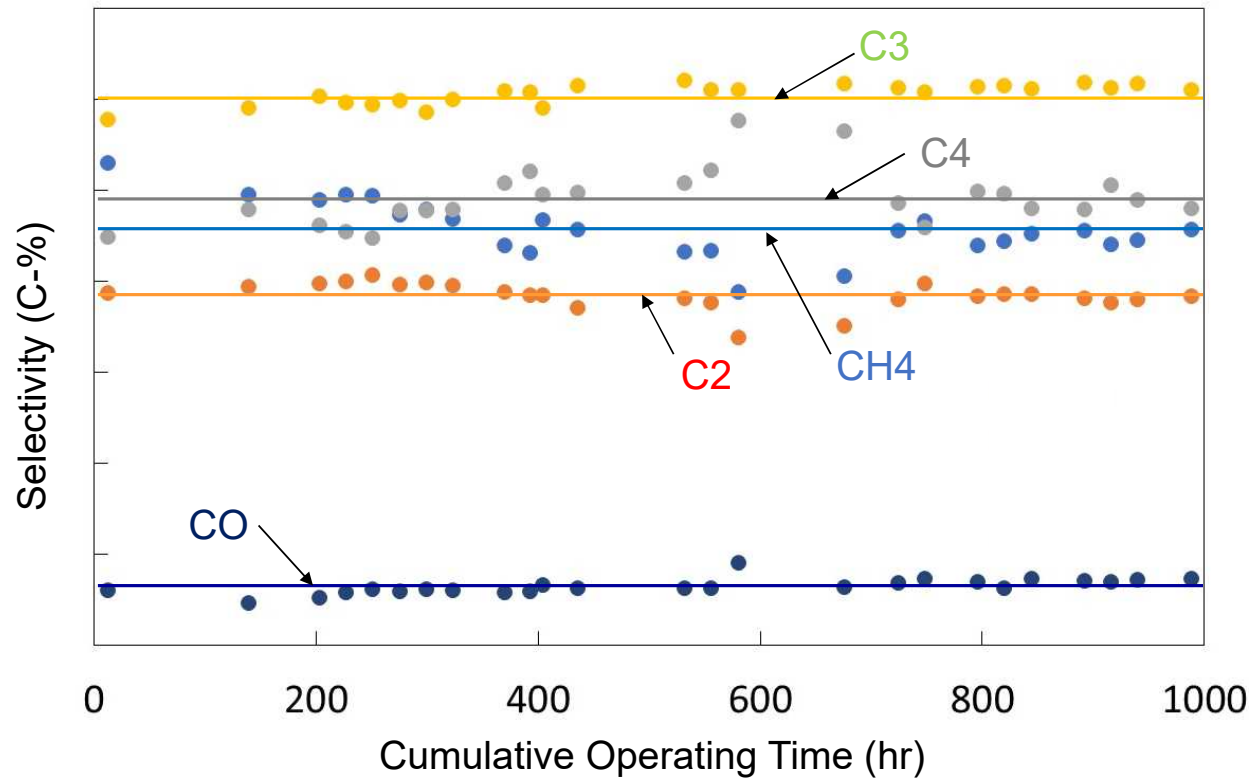
IHI



Key Result – Catalyst Performance in 1st Campaign



IHI

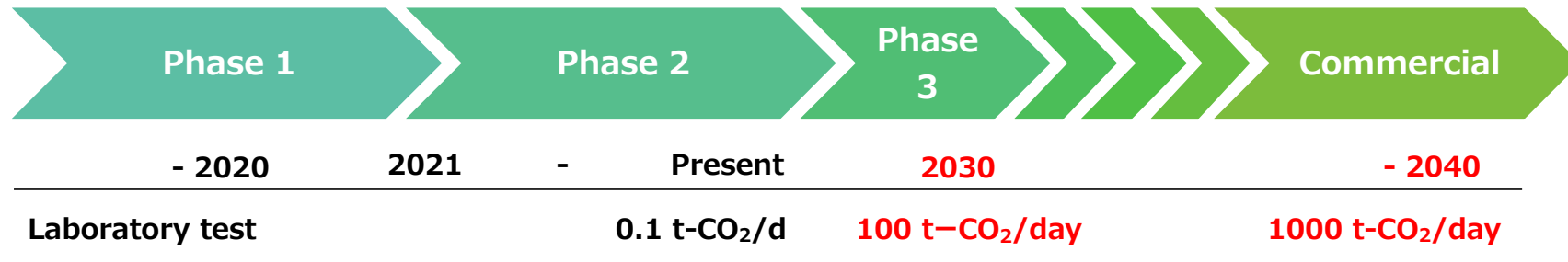


The shaped catalyst exhibited stable performance for 1000 hours under conditions using real flue gas.

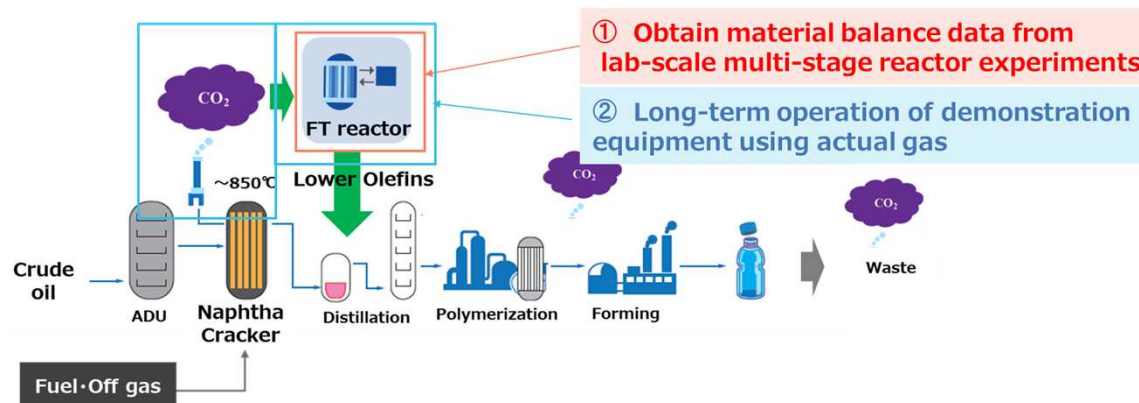
For Future



IHI



- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Catalyst development
- Basic recipe - ✓ Laboratory test ✓ Collaboration with ISCE2(ASTAR) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Catalyst Synthesis More industry relevant process ✓ Larger Reactor test ✓ Test with flue gas from commercial Ethylene plant (naphtha cracker) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Further scale-up ✓ Consolidate with Ethylene plant (naphtha cracker) ✓ Integration of CO₂ capture and FT reactor |
|---|---|---|





Part of this work was conducted with the support from New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization (NEDO) under Project No. JPNP16002 for practical development of olefin synthesis technology.

We would like to express our sincere gratitude to SCG Chemicals (SCGC) for their outstanding cooperation in conducting the pilot tests.

IHI

Realize your dreams